

## Review

The man **who / that** called yesterday wants to buy this house.

The man **who / whom / that** I called yesterday wants to buy this house.

There was a two-year guarantee **which / that** came with the TV.

Grammar: \* Relative Clause with 'who', 'whom', 'which', 'that'

The man wants to buy this house. + He called yesterday.

The man wants to buy this house. + I called him yesterday.

There was a two-year guarantee. + It came with the TV.

	คน	ไม่ใช่คน
Subject		
Object		

**Exercise: combine these two sentences using 'who(m)', 'which', or 'that'.**

1. The manager was really nice. + He helped me with the presentation.

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2. The shopkeeper was really kind. + We talked to her this afternoon.

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3. The movie was terrible. + We watched it yesterday.

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4. He has the information. + We need it.

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5. The flight was cancelled. + We were going to take it.

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6. The man sells used cars. + They spoke to him.

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7. They ate at the restaurant. + It serves the best chicken in town.

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8. Where's the power bank? + You borrowed it from Paul.

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9. The building is very old. + She lives in it.

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10. The earrings were expensive. + My mother bought them for me.

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11. The people are very helpful. + I used to work with them.

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12. Have you seen the shirt? + I bought it from Jenny's shop.

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**The woman you met this morning is my teacher.**

**The cat I bought yesterday is white.**

Grammar: \* Omission of Relative Pronouns

The man wants to buy this house. + He called yesterday.

The man called yesterday wants to buy this house.

ตัด Relative Pronoun ได้ / ไม่ได้

The woman is my teacher. + You met her this morning.

The woman you met this morning is my teacher.

ตัด Relative Pronoun ได้ / ไม่ได้

The cat is white. + I bought it yesterday.

The cat I bought yesterday is white.

ตัด Relative Pronoun ได้ / ไม่ได้

สรุปหลักการตัด Relative Pronouns